1 Short Title: Partition of Property/Attorneys' Fees.

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2	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
3	AN ACT TO PROVIDE IN PARTITION PROCEEDINGS THAT THE COURT SHALL
4	ALLOCATE PRO RATA AMONG ALL THE COTENANTS THOSE REASONABLE
5	ATTORNEYS' FEES INCURRED FOR THE COMMON BENEFIT OF ALL THE
6	COTENANTS AND THAT REASONABLE ATTORNEYS' FEES INCURRED BY A
7	COTENANT IN DISPUTING THE METHOD OF PARTITION [SHALL] [MAY] BE
8	ALLOCATED BY THE COURT AMONG COTENANTS THAT ARE ALIGNED WITH
9	THE COTENANT ON THAT ISSUE.
10	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
11	SECTION 1. Article 1 of Chapter 46 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
12	a new section to read:
13	" <u>§ 46-3.3. Attorneys' fees.</u>
14	(a) In proceedings to partition property under this Chapter, the court shall allocate among
15	all the cotenants of the property those reasonable attorneys' fees incurred for the common benefit
16	of all the cotenants, unless a cotenant shows by clear and convincing evidence that doing so
17	would be inequitable. The allocation shall be according to each cotenant's interest in the property.
18	(b) The attorneys' fees described in subsection (a) of this section do not include attorneys'
19	fees incurred in disputing which method of partition the court should order. Reasonable attorneys'
20	fees incurred by a cotenant in disputing this issue [shall] [may] be allocated by the court among
21	cotenants that are aligned with the cotenant on that issue. [The allocation shall be according to
22	each aligned cotenant's interest in the property relative to the total interest of all the aligned
23	cotenants in the property.]"
24 25 26	[Staff Note: Subsection (a) previously read: "In partition proceedings initiated under this Chapter, the court shall allocate pro rata among all the parties those reasonable attorneys' fees incurred for the common benefit of all the parties, unless a party shows by clear and convincing

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evidence that doing so would be inequitable." Staff changed subsection (a) to use the term 1 2 "cotenant" instead of "party" and to elaborate on the concept of "pro rata".] 3 4 [Staff Note: Item (6) of the Partition Task Force report is as follows: "Statutory presumption 5 that attorneys' fees incurred for the common benefit of the heirs should be awarded, with the 6 amounts in the discretion of the clerk. Attorneys' fees incurred specifically to oppose other 7 tenants in common with respect to whether there should be partition in kind or by sale should 8 not be awarded against the party opposing, but only chargeable to the clients of the attorney and 9 those tenants in common aligned in interest with those clients. (Second sentence has pros and 10 *cons.*)"] 11 12 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 6-21 reads as rewritten: 13 "§ 6-21. Costs allowed either party or apportioned in discretion of court. 14 Costs in the following matters shall be taxed against either party, or apportioned among the 15 parties, in the discretion of the court: 16 (1) Application for years' support, for surviving spouse or children. 17 (2) Caveats to wills and any action or proceeding which that may require the 18 construction of any will or trust agreement, or fix the rights and duties of parties thereunder; provided, that in under any will or trust agreement. In any 19 20 caveat proceeding under this subdivision, the court shall allow attorneys' fees 21 for the attorneys of the caveators only if it finds that the proceeding has 22 substantial merit. 23 (3) Habeas corpus; and the corpus. The court shall direct what which officer shall 24 tax the costs thereof.of the proceeding. 25 (4) In actions for divorce or alimony; and the alimony. The court may both before and after judgment make such order respecting the payment of such costs as 26 27 may be incurred by either spouse from the sole and separate estate of either 28 spouse, as may be just. 29 (5) Application for the establishment, alteration alteration, or discontinuance of a

public road, <del>cartway cartway, or ferry.</del> The board of county commissioners

1		may order the costs incurred before them paid in their discretion.in its	
2		discretion may assess the costs incurred before the board.	
3	(6)	The compensation of referees and commissioners to take depositions.	
4	(7)	All-Subject to G.S. 46-3.3, all costs and expenses incurred in special	
5		proceedings for the division or sale of either real estate or personal property	
6		under the Chapter entitled Partition.partition of real or personal property under	
7		Chapter 46 of the General Statutes.	
8	(8)	In all proceedings under the Chapter entitled Drainage, Chapter 156 of the	
9		General Statutes relating to drainage, except as therein otherwise	
10		provided.provided in that Chapter.	
11	(9)	In proceedings for reallotment of homestead for increase in value, as provided	
12		in the Chapter, Civil Procedure.	
13	(10)	In proceedings under Article 3 of Chapter 49 of the General Statutes regarding	
14		children born out of wedlock.	
15	(11)	In custody proceedings under Chapter 50A of the General Statutes.	
16	(12)	In actions brought for misappropriation of a trade secret under Article 24 of	
17		Chapter 66 of the General Statutes.	
18	The word "co	sts" as the same appears and is used in this section shall be construed to include	
19	includes reasonal	ble attorneys' fees in such amounts as the court shall in its discretion determine	
20	and allow: provi	ded that attorneys' allow. Attorneys' fees in actions for alimony alimony,	
21	however, shall n	ot be included in the costs as provided herein, in this section but shall be	
22	determined and provided for in accordance with G.S. 50-16.4."		
23 24 25 26 27 28	[Staff Note: Regarding G.S. 6-21(9), Session Laws 1981, c. 490, as amended by Session Law 1981, c. 1001, repealed the homestead provisions in Chapter 1 of the General Statutes, including G.S. 1-373, which governed the procedure to reallot a homestead due to an increase in value The session law replaced the homestead laws with the exemption laws in Article 16 of Chapte 1C of the General Statutes but did not include a comparable successor provision to G.S. 1-373 Although G.S. 1C-1603(g) provides that an exemption may be modified due to a substantial		

1 2 3 4 5	~	value, this modification is by motion in the original exemption proceeding. Staff is with the Administrative Office of the Courts to determine if G.S. 6-21(9) should be <b>SECTION 3.</b> G.S. 46-2.1 reads as rewritten:	
6	"§ 46-2.1.	Summons: Summons; notice included in petition.	
7	(a)	In partition proceedings initiated under this Chapter, the period of time for answering	
8	a summon	s is provided in G.S. 1-394.	
9	(b)	Written notice shall be included in the petition in a manner reasonably calculated to	
10	make the respondent aware of the following:		
11		(1) That the respondent has the right to seek the advice of an attorney and that	
12		free legal services may be available to the respondent by contacting Legal Aid	
13		of North Carolina or other legal services organizations.	
14		(2) That pursuant to G.S. 6-21 the court has the authority, in its discretion, to order	
15		reasonable attorneys' fees to be paid as a part of the costs of the	
16		proceeding.G.S. 46-3.3(a), the court shall allocate pro rata among all the	
17		cotenants those reasonable attorneys' fees incurred for the common benefit of	
18		all the cotenants.	
19		(3) That pursuant to G.S. 46-3.3(b), reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by a	
20		cotenant in disputing the method of partition [shall] [may] be allocated by the	
21		court among cotenants that are aligned with the cotenant on that issue."	
22		<b>SECTION 4.</b> G.S. 46-27 reads as rewritten:	
23	"§ 46-27.	Sale of land real property required for public use on cotenant's petition.	
24	When	the lands real property of joint tenants or tenants in common or joint tenants are is	
25	required for	or public purposes, one or more of such tenants, or their guardian for them, cotenants,	
26	or the cote	enant's guardian, may file a petition verified by oath, oath in the superior court of the	
27	county wh	ere the lands or any part of them lie, property or any part of the property is located,	

- setting forth the rein in the petition that the lands are property is required for public purposes, and
- 2 that their the cotenants' interests would be promoted by a sale thereof. of the property. Whereupon
- 3 the court, all proper parties being before it, and the facts alleged in the petition being ascertained
- 4 to be true, shall order a sale of such lands, the property, or so much thereof of the property as
- 5 may be necessary. The Subject to G.S. 46-3.3, expenses, fees fees, and costs of this proceeding
- 6 shall be paid assessed in the discretion of the court. Mediator fees and costs of mediation shall
- 7 be assessed in accordance with G.S. 7A-38.3B."
- 8 **SECTION 5.** This act becomes effective [October 1, 2019], and applies to partition
- 9 proceedings commenced on or after that date.